

INTRODUCTION

The use of fiber-optics as light guidance allows a great modularity and flexibility in the setup of an optical measurement system. Optical fibers can be made of many materials, such as plastic, glasses and silicates (SiO_2). For high quality fiber-optics, as used in spectroscopic applications, synthetic fused silica (amorphous silicon dioxide) is used, that can be intentionally doped with trace elements to adjust the optical properties of the glass.



The basic principle of light transport through an optical fiber is total internal reflection. This means that the light within the numerical aperture of a fiber (NA = input acceptance cone) will be reflected and transported through the fiber. The size of the numerical aperture depends on the materials used for core and clad-

Two basic types of silica fibers can be distinguished; single-mode and multimode fibers, depending on the propagation state of the light, traveling down the fiber. For most spectroscopic applications multi-mode fibers are used. Multimode fibers can be divided into 2 subcategories, step-index and graded-index. A relatively large core and high NA allow light to be easily coupled into the fiber, which allows the use of relatively inexpensive termination techniques. Stepindex fibers are mainly used in spectroscopic applications.

Graded-index multimode fibers have a refractive index gradually decreasing from the core out through the cladding. Since the light travels faster in material with lower refractive index, the modal dispersion (amount of pulse-spreading) will be less.

These graded-index fibers are mainly used in telecommunication application, where dispersion at long distance (2-15 km) plays an important role.

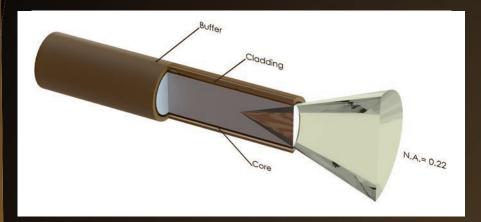
Product codes For example FC-20UVIR200-3-BX A product code is designed as follows:

Type of Product	Number of fibers	Wavelength	Fiber core diameter	Overall Length	Jacketing	Other options
FC = standard fiber cable FCB = bifurcated fiber FCR = fiber reflection probe FDP = fiber dip probe	almost any number possible	UV = 200-800 nm IR = 350-2500 nm UVIR = 200-2500 nm	8 µm* 50 µm** 100 µm*** 200 µm*** 400 µm*** 600 µm*** 1000 µm**	in meters	BX = stainless steel ME = chrome-plated brass MS = metall silicone	HT= high temperature on request: HTX= extreme high temperature PK= PEEK HY= Hastelloy®

- * Only for IR fibers
- ** Only for UV or IR fibers
- *** Only for UVIR fibers



FIBER-OPTIC DESIGN



Core

For spectroscopic applications, generally, multi-mode step index silica fibers are used. These range in core thickness from 50 to 1000 microns. The core is made out of pure silica. Other fiber cores with much higher absorption are made out of certain glass types or plastics. These are not offered in this catalog.

First a distinction is made between silica with high or low OH content. Silica fibers with high OH (600-1000 PPM) are used in the UV/VIS wavelength range because of the low absorption in the UV. They are referred to as UV/VIS

fibers. For Deep-UV applications (below 230 nm) special solarization resistant fibers can be used.

The water content causes strong absorption peaks in the NIR wavelength range. In order to get good fibers for the NIR range, the "water" is removed from the silica. This results in low OH fibers (<2 PPM) with low absorption in the NIR. They are referred to as VIS/NIR fibers.

Best of both worlds are the so-called broadband fibers, which can be used for the UV-NIR range (200-2500 nm), the product code for these fibers is UVIR. Avantes has standardized on this broadband type of fiber.

Cladding

In order to get the light guiding effect the core is cladded with a lower index of refraction material. For the highest quality fibers with the lowest absorption this is a fluorine-doped silica, the so-called silica-silica or all-silica fibers with a numerical aperture (NA) of 0.22.

Buffers

Without further protection fibers would easily break, because of small scratches or other irregularities on the surface. Therefore a next layer, the buffer, is added. This buffer also determines under what circumstances the fiber can be used. Temperature range, radiation, vacuum, chemical environment and bending are factors to be considered.

Polyimide buffers offer a wide temperature range (-190 to 400°C) and supe-

rior solvent resistance. Also, this material is non-flammable. Drawbacks are sensitivity to micro bending and the difficulty to remove it.





Technical Data

Fiber Materia Standard

Temperature Range -190 °C to +400°C

Fiber type Step index Mutimode

Core Numerical Aperture 0.22 ± 0.02

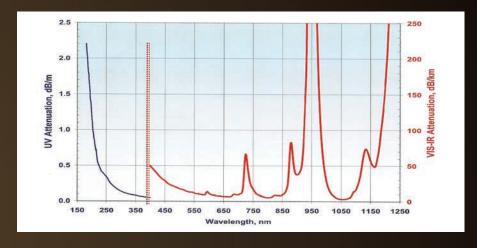
Buffer Polyimide

Available Diameters 50/100/200/400/600/800/1000 μm

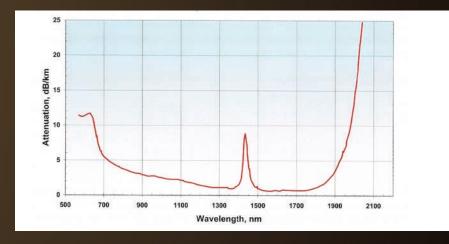
Laser damage resistant core 1,3 kW/mm² CW at 1060 nm, up to 10 J,

pulsed

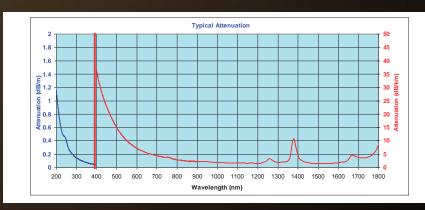
Bend radius momentary 100 x clad radius long term 600 x clad radius



Transmission UV/VIS fibers



Transmission VIS/NIR fibers



Transmission UV/VIS/NIR broadband



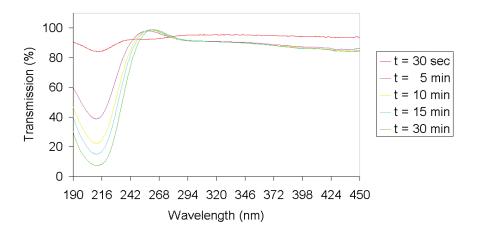
Solarization Resistant Fibers for Deep-UV applications

Most spectroscopic applications with fiber-optics have been restricted to wavelength ranges above 230 nm, because standard silica fibers with an undoped core and fluorine doped cladding are frequently damaged by exposure to deep-UV light (below 230 nm). This solarization effect is induced by the formation of "color centers" with an absorbance band of 214 nm. These color centers are formed when impurities (like Cl) exist in the core fiber material and form unbound electron pairs on the Si atom, which are affected by the deep-UV radiation.

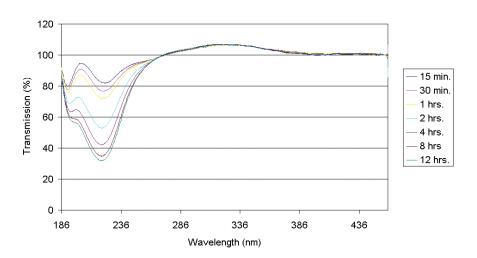
For this purpose, solarization resistant fibers, which were hydrogen loaded, were developed. The broadband fibers Avantes uses are Solarization Resistant. This means that these fibers provide long-term stability at 30-40% transmission (for 215 nm). Small degradation of the transmission can still take place.

First couple of hours of these fibers show a high drop in transmission (100% to 40%). In order to have a stable transmission from the start one can order the PRESOL option. When PRESOL is ordered with a fiber or probe Avantes pre-solarized the product for an 10-hrs period, to have a constant transmission of 30-40% @ 215 nm.

Solarization UV

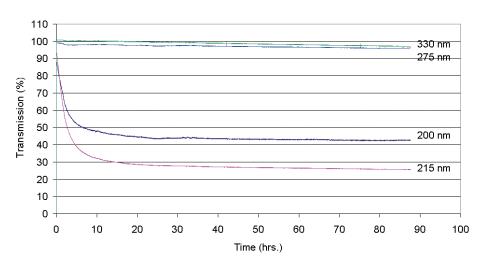


Solarization UVIR



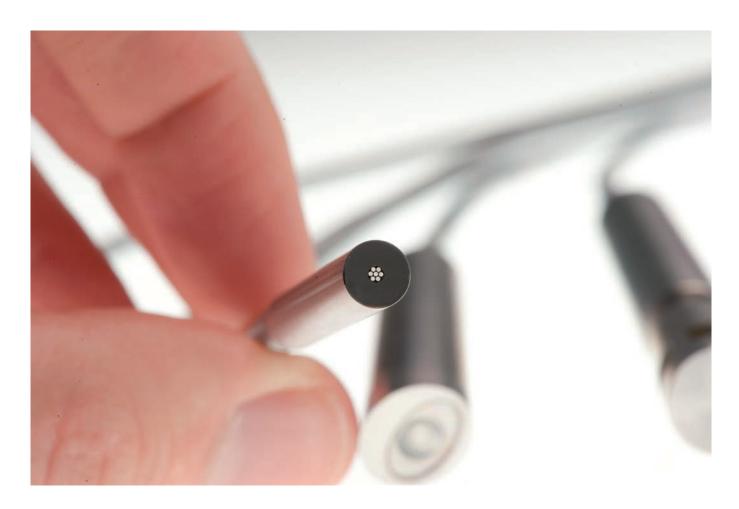


Solarization UVIR



Ordering Information

• Presolarization of UVIR fiber





Fiber-optic Jacketing

For different applications Avantes offers different jacketing material. Standard fiber-optic cables and bifurcated cables are protected by a Kevlar reinforced polypropylene inner tubing with PVC red outer jacket. All of our standard reflection probes are protected by a flexible stainless steel jacket with interlocking profile (BX) or a chrome-plated brass outer jacket, with hooked profile (ME) for optimal strain relief with silicon or PTFE inner tubing. For waterproof and some medi-

cal applications stainless steel spiral jacketing with glassilk and gray outer silicon rubber coating can be provided. Inside this jacket silicon or PTFE inner tubing is used as well. For heavy industrial environments we advise the metal stainless steel (-BX) jacketing. It features a tensile strength of 950N. Some specifics on the jacketing can be found in the following technical information.

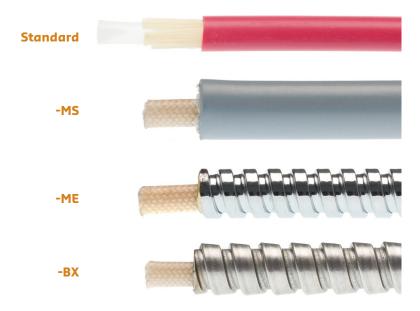
Contact us if you have any special conditions requirements.

Technical Data

Jacketing material	Kevlar reinforced PVC	Chrome pla- ted brass (ME)	Stainless Steel (BX)	Silicon coated stainless steel (MS)
Inner Tubing	Polypropylene	Silicon/PTFE	Silicon/PTFE	Silicon/PTFE
Outer dimensions	3.8 mm	5.0 mm	6.0 mm	5.8 mm
Min. bending radius	18 mm	18 mm	35 mm	18 mm
Temperature Range	-20°C to +65°C	-65°C to +250°C	-65°C to +250°C	-60°C to +180°C
Tensile Strength	150 N	350 N	950 N	70 N
Application	Standard	Industrial	Heavy Industrial	Waterproof IP67

Ordering Information

- flexible chrome-plated brass outer jacket, with hooked profile
- -BX Heavy industrial stainless steel jacket, with fully interlocking profile
- -MS stainless steel spiral jacket with glassilk and gray outer silicon rubber coating





Fiber-optic Probe properties

Avantes offers a broad standardized product range of fiber optics as described in this catalogue. For special cases Avantes also offers modification to this fiber-optic cables and probes to customers request. Most materials we use in our fiber-optic assemblies can be replaced with others to improve specific chemical or thermal resistance or to enhance vacuum or pressure properties. Please contact our fiber design engineers with your specific request.

In the following paragraphs some of the most essential technical parameters are listed for the materials we use.

Thermal resistance

The thermal resistance of a fiber-optic assembly depends on some of the materials used:

1. Fiber: the standard fiber design has a polyimide buffer, covering a wide thermal range -190 to 400 °C.

- 2. Jacketing: the standard jacketing is PVC based and has a small temperature range (-20°C to 65°C), for higher temperatures a flexible metal jacketing (-BX/ME) with silicone inner tubing (up to 250°C) or stainless steel tubing (not flexible, to 750°C) is recommended.
- 3. Probe ends: connectors and ferrules are standard made of metal and have a wide temperature range. For special plastics, like PVC, PEEK and Teflon a limited temperature range is applicable.
- 4. Bonding epoxy: the standard epoxy used is a heat curing bonding epoxy with a temperature range of -60°C to 175°C. The curing temperature is standard 100 °C, for high temperature ranges (order code -HT), the curing temperature is 200°C. For the HTX (extreme high temperature) fibers and probes ceramic solution are available to realize a process that can withstand temperatures up to 500°C.

Technical Data

Temperature range	Fiber	Jacketing	Probe end	Bonding
-20°C to +65°C	Standard Polyimide	Standard PVC	Standard metal/ PVC/PEEK	Standard Epoxy
-30°C to +100°C	Standard Polyimide	Metal (-BX/ME) or silicone (-MS)	Standard metal/ PEEK	Standard Epoxy
-60°C to +200°C (HT)	Standard Polyimide	Metal (-BX/ME) or silicone (-MS)	Standard metal/ PEEK	High temperature curing epoxy

Ordering Information

• High Temperature version (up to 200°C)

All fibers are available with SMA, ST and/or FC/PC connectors



Chemical resistance

The chemical resistance of a fiber-optic assembly depends on some of the materials used:

- Fiber, the standard fiber design has a polyimide buffer, which normally will not be in contact with the sample; the quartz core provides good resistance against most solvents.
- 2. Jacketing, the standard jacketing is PVC based and has a relative good chemical resistance. The -BX stainless steel and -ME chrome plated brass jacketing also have a good chemical resistance, but are not waterproof. The Silicone metal jacketing (-MS) is recommended for waterproof environment, biomedical applications, etc. The PEEK and PTFE jacketing have the best chemical resistance.
- 3. Probe ends, connectors and ferrules are standard made of stainless steel (316) and are not very well

- suitable in corrosive environment. For most corrosive environments PEEK or Hastelloy® C276 are recommended.
- 4. Bonding, the standard heat-curing two- component epoxy used is resistant to water, inorganic acids and salts, alkalis and many aggressive organic solvents and most petrochemical products, and an extended range of organic and inorganic environments.

The table below gives a summary for the chemical resistance for most materials used. It has been drawn up on the basis of relevant sources in accordance with the state of the art; no claim to completeness. The data constitutes recommendations only, for which no liability can be accepted.

Please contact us if you have any doubt about the materials to use for your application.

Technical Data

Chemical environment	Fiber		Jacketing		Probe end		Ероху
Acids weak	Standard Polyimide	±	-BX/ME -MS -PEEK -PVC	± + +	St. steel 316 PEEK Hastelloy® C276	- + +	+
Acids strong	Standard Polyimide	-	-BX/ME -MS -PEEK -PVC	- + +	St. steel 316 PEEK Hastelloy® C276	- + +	±
Bases weak	Standard Polyimide	±	-BX/ME -MS -PEEK -PVC	+ + + + +	St. steel 316 PEEK Hastelloy® C276	+ + + + +	+
Bases strong	Standard Polyimide	-	-BX/ME -MS -PEEK -PVC	+ + + + +	St. steel 316 PEEK Hastelloy® C276	+ + + + +	+
Aromatic carbons	Standard Polyimide	+	-BX/ME -MS -PEEK -PVC	+ + + + +	St. steel 316 PEEK Hastelloy® C276	+ + + + +	+
Alcohols	Standard Polyimide	±	-BX/ME -MS -PEEK -PVC	+ ± +	St. steel 316 PEEK Hastelloy® C276	+ + + + +	+
Ketons/Ethers	Standard Polyimide	+	-BX/ME -MS -PEEK -PVC	+ - + -	St. steel 316 PEEK Hastelloy® C276	+ + + ±	±

^{+ =} good resistance

Options

-PK ● PEEK Probe material replaces Stainless Steel

• Hastelloy® C276 Probe material replaces Stainless Steel



 $[\]pm$ = conditional resistant

^{- =} not resistant

Fiber-optic Connectors

SMA connectors

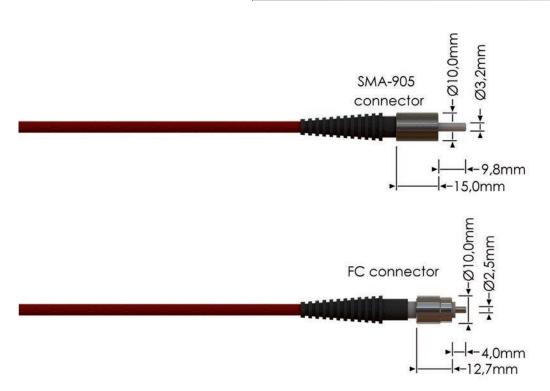
We supply all of our standard fiberoptic cables, bundles and probes with SMA-905 connectors that easily fit into our complete range of spectrometers, light sources and accessories. The SMA-905 connectors are screwfitted and can be rotated over 360 degrees. The typical insertion loss for the connectors is 0.5 dB. The maximum filling diameter for bundles is 2.46 mm

FC/PC connectors

Optional FC/PC-connectors can be mounted to our fiber-optic products. The multimode FC/PC connectors have an extremely low insertion loss of < 0.2 dB. The FC/PC connector cannot rotate, always mounts into the same fixed position and therefore has a high reproducibility.

Ordering Information

-FC/PC • FC/PC connector instead of standard SMA





Fiber-optic Cables

Avantes offers a wide range of fiberoptic cables, which can be made in a variety of lengths and configurations to meet your needs. For common applications, a 2 meter length is sufficient. For this reason it is our standard fiber length.

Avantes offers SMA-905 or FC/PC connectors and these can be the same or different on both ends. For some applications, special round to linear fiber cables are recommended in which a bundle of fibers configured in a round pattern on one end and a linear array on the other end. The linear array (typically 1 mm in height) is aligned with the slit height of the spectrometer which is also 1 mm. This fiber configuration provides maximized light throughput for applications requiring high-sensitivity.

Fiber-optic cable types and diameters are recommended based upon the wavelength range being measured and the sensitivity required for a measurement. In general different fibertypes can be classified. For the UV range high OH UV/VIS fiber is used. For customers working below 240 nm in the UV, special high OH UV/VIS fiber called solarization resistant fiber (SR) is available. For longer wave-

lengths low OH VIS/NIR fiber is recommended

Best of both worlds can be achieved with our broadbandfiber, which is our standard. This gives you the combined performance of the UV, UV-SR and IR fibers.

Avantes also offers a variety of jacketing options including Kevlar reinforced PVC sleeving with PTFE inner tubing (standard), chrome plated brass monocoil, stainless steel BX, silicone coated stainless steel monocoil and other special jacketings upon request.

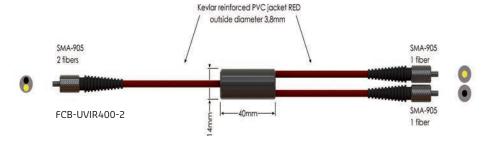
For applications requiring high temperature resistance, special high temperature epoxy (HT) is available and should be specified at the time of order.

Recommended wavelengths for different cables:

200-2500 nm: UV/VIS/NIR (UVIR) UV/IR available in core sizes 100, 200, 400, 600 µm

200-800 nm: Solarization resistant (-SR)

250-800 nm: UV/VIS (UV) 350-2500 nm: VIS/NIR (IR)



Ordering Information

FC-IR008-2 or -1	• Cable with 8 µm Fiber, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations
FC-xx050-2 or -1*	• Cable with 50 µm Fiber, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations
FC-UVIR100-2 or -1	• Cable with 100 μm Fiber, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations
FC-UVIR200-2 or -1	• Cable with 200 μm Fiber, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations
FC-UVIR400-2 or -1	• Cable with 400 μm Fiber, 2 or 1 m length, SMA terminations
FC-UVIR600-2 or -1	• Cable with 600 μm Fiber, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations
FC-xx800-2 or -1*	• Cable with 800 μm Fiber, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations
FC-xx1000-2 or 1*	• Cable with 1000 µm Fiber, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations
FCB-xx050-2 or 1*	• Bifurcated cable 2x50 μm, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations
FCB-UVIR100-2 or 1	• Bifurcated cable 2x100 μm, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations
FCB-UVIR200-2 or 1	• Bifurcated cable 2x200 μm, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations
FCB-UVIR400-2 or 1	• Bifurcated cable 2x400 μm, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations

• Bifurcated cable 2x600 µm, 2 or 1m length, SMA terminations

Other lengths and fiber types are available.

*
Specify xx = UV for UV/VIS fiber cables, IR for VIS/NIR



FCB-UVIR600-2 or 1

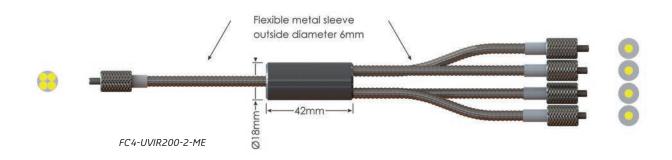
Multi-furcated Fiber-optic Cables

Simultaneous multi-point measurements and Avantes multi-channel spectro-meters, require multi-furcated fiber-optic cables. These assemblies can function as a combiner or splitter of light as they have multiple legs on one side which converge into a single connector on the opposite side. Avantes offers virtually any combination possible, which can be adapted to your requirements.

Typical setups that require multi-furcated cables are:

- One sampling point such as an integrating sphere, cosine corrector or collimating lens being measured with several spectrometers (individual AvaSpecs or Multi-channel).
- Multiple illumination fibers splitting out from one light source to different sampling points.

Various types of connectors, jacketings and fiber sizes are available for these multi-furcated fiber cables. Contact us to configure and quote you on your specific needs.



Ordering Information

FC4-UVIR20	• Four-furcated cable, 4x200 µm broadband fibers , all legs SMA terminated, total 2 m long, splitting point in the middle
FC4-UVIR40	• As FC4-UVIR200-2, but with 4x400 µm broadband fibers
FC4-UVIR60	• As FC4-UVIR200-2, but with 4x600 µm broadband fibers
FC5-UVIR20	• Five-furcated cable, 5x200 µm broadband fibers, all legs SMA terminated, total 2 m long, splitting point in the middle
FC5-UVIR40	• As FC5-UVIR200-2, but with 5x400 µm broadband fibers
FC6-UVIR20	• Six-furcated cable, 6x200 µm broadband fibers, all legs SMA terminated, total 2 m long, splitting point in the middle
FC6-UVIR40	• As FC6-UVIR200-2, but with 6x400 µm broadband fibers
FC8-UVIR20	• Eight-furcated cable, $8x200~\mu m$ broadband fibers , all legs SMA terminated, total 2 m long, splitting point in the middle
FC8-UVIR40	• As FC8-UVIR200-2, but with 8x400 µm broadband fibers

Other lengths available on request



Reflection Probes (Standard)



To obtain spectral information of the diffuse, or specular materials, reflection probes are used. The light from a light source is sent through six illumination fibers to the sample and the reflection is measured by a 7th fiber in the center of the reflection probe tip. The 7th fiber is coupled to a spectrometer configured to the appropriate wavelength range of interest. More illumination fibers can be added to get more energy from the light source and therefore increase the reflection signal level

For measurements under an angle of 90°, the FCR-90-Option was developed. It's a special adapter with a mirror positioned at 45° and can be easily mounted on the tip of Avantes standard reflection probes.

The FCR-COL is an adjustable UV/ VIS/NIR collimating and focusing lens which enables focusing the measurement spot at an extended distance.

Technical Data

Fibers

7 fibers 200 mm or 400 mm core, 6 light-fibers, 1 read fiber, N.A.= 0.22. Standard 2 m length, splitting point in the middle.

Wavelength range

200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR)

Connectors

SMA-905 connectors (2x)

Probe end

Stainless steel 316 cylinder, 50 mm long x 6.35 mm diameter. Optionally -PK for PEEK or -HY for Hastelloy® C276 (on request)

Jacketing

The optical fibers are protected by a silicon inner tube and a flexible stainless steel (BX, O.D. 6.0 mm) or chrome plated brass (ME, O.D. 5.0 mm) outer jacket. The jacketing also gives stress relieve.

Temperature

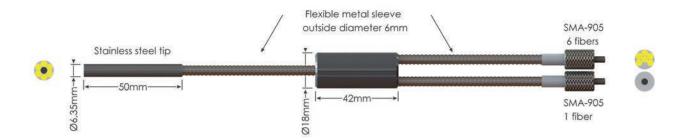
-30°C to 100°C. (-HT version 200 °C)

Pressure

Probe head 50 bar @ 25 °C

Bendina

Minimum bend radius: Short term (few seconds) 20-40 mm, long term: 120 -240 mm



Ordering Information

FCR-7UVIR200-2-BX/ME* FCR-7UVIR400-2-BX/ME*

- Reflection probe, 7 x 200 µm broadband fibers, 2 m length, SMA term.
- Reflection probe, 7 x 400 µm broadband fibers, 2 m length, SMA term.
- FCR-90-Option • 90° Reflection add-on reflector for use with all 1/4" reflection probes

FCR-COL

- Adjustable UV/VIS/NIR Collimating/focusing lens for FCR probes
- * please specify jacket material

Options

• High Temperature version (up to 200°C)



Reflection Probes with multiple legs

For some measurements, a reflection probe is needed that can be coupled to two spectrometers and a light source. A good example is a reflection measurement in the UV/VIS and NIR range. For these situations, Avantes offers our reflection probes with multiple legs.

The light from a light source is coupled into a fiber bundle, consisting out of 17 illumination fibers which transport

the light to the end of the probe. The reflected light is uniformly reflected into the two read fibers, each of which is connected to a spectrometer.

For measurements under a 90° angle, the FCR-90-Option has been developed. It is an adapter with a mirror mounted at 45° and can be easily mounted to the tip of these reflection probes.

To accurately focus a small measurement spot from a higher distance, the FCR-COL adjustable US/VIS/NIR collimating/focusing lens is available and can be mounted to the tip of these probes.

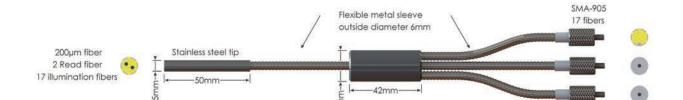
2x SMA-905

1 fiber

Technical Data

19 fibers 200 µm core, 17 light-fibers, 2 read fibers in 2 separate legs, N.A.= 0.22. **Fibers** Standard 2 m length, splitting point in the middle. Wavelength range 200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR) Connectors SMA-905 connectors (3x) Stainless steel 316 cylinder, 50 mm long x 6.35 mm diameter. Optionally -PK for PEEK or Probe end -HY for Hastelloy® C276 (on request) The optical fibers are protected by a silicon inner tube and a flexible stainless steel (BX, O.D. 6.0 mm) or chrome plated brass (ME, 5.0 mm) outer jacket. The jacketing also gives Jacketing stress relieve Temperature -30°C to 100°C. (-HT version 200°C) **Pressure** Probe head 50 bar @ 25°C

Minimum bend radius: Short term (few seconds) 20 mm, long term: 120 mm



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Ordering Information

FCR-19UVIR200-2-BX/ME*

• Reflection probe UV/VIS/NIR, 17 x 200 µm UV/VIS/NIR illumination fibers, 2 read UV/ VIS/NIR fibers in separate legs, 2 m length, 3 SMA term.

FCR-90-Option

Bending

- ullet 90° Reflection add-on reflector for use with all 1/4" reflection probes
- FCR-COL • Adjustable UV/VIS/NIR Collimating/focusing lens FCR probes
 - * please specify jacket material

Options

-HT • High Temperature version (up to 200°C)



Reflection Probes with Reference

In order to correct fluctuations and drift from your light source, periodic referencing is required. To facilitate this, Avantes offers this series of reflection probes with a self-referencing feature. The light coming from the light source is bundled into 12 fibers, which are split into two 6 fiber bundles. One of these bundles is carried to the probe end for sample measurements and the other bundle of 6 are directed

to a white reflection tile built into the probe to provide a light source reference. This reference leg is connected to a slave spectrometer channel dedicated to light source referencing or may be routed to a single channel via a fiberoptic (contact a Sales Engineer about this special configuration). On the measurement side the probe end has a 7^{th} fiber which reflects light back to the master spectrometer channel.

Technical Data

Fibers 14 fibers 200 µm core, 12 light-fibers, 2 x 1 read fiber, N.A.= 0.22. Standard 2 m length, splitting point in the middle.

Wavelength range 200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR)

Connectors SMA-905 connectors (3x)

Jacketing

Bending

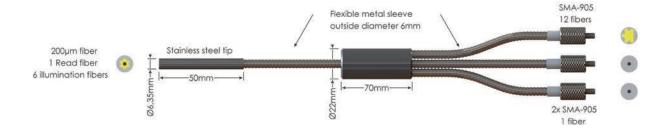
Probe end Stainless steel 316 cylinder, 50 mm long x 6.35 mm diameter . Optionally –PK for PEEK or –HY for Hastelloy® C276 (on request).

The optical fibers are protected by a silicon inner tube and a flexible stainless steel (BX, O.D. 6.0 mm) or chrome plated brass (ME, 5.0 mm) outer jacket. The jacketing also gives stress relieve.

Temperature -30°C to 100°C. (-HT version 200°C)

Pressure Probe head 50 bar @ 25°C

Minimum bend radius: Short term (few seconds) 20 mm, long term: 120 mm



Ordering Information

FCR-14UVIR200-2-REF-BX/ME*

- Reflection probe with reference, 14 x 200 µm broadband fibers, 2 m length, SMA term.
- * please specify jacket material

Options

•HT • High Temperature version (up to 200°C)



Reflection Probes with Small Tips

For some medical and semiconductor applications, a (very) small tip is desired to do reflectance measurements. Avantes offers two standard diameters of small tip reflection probes, 1.5 and 2.5 mm and each tip is normally 100 mm long.

The probe is configured with an illumination leg with six 200 µm fiber cables which connects to a fiber coupled light source and a single 200 µm read fiber

cable to measure the reflection via connection to a spectrometer.

A special angled fiber holder (AFH-15) is available for the 1.5 mm diameter reflection probe. This device enables reflection measurements under angles of 15, 30, 45, 60, 75 and 90 degrees. For more information, see 'Reflection probe holders'.



Technical Data

7 fibers 200 µm core, 6 light-fibers, 1 read fiber, N.A.= 0,22. Standard 2 m length, splitting **Fibers** point in the middle. Wavelenath range 200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR) SMA-905 connectors (2x) Connectors Probe end Stainless steel cylinder, 100 mm long x 1.5 or 2.5 mm diameter. The optical fibers are protected by a Kevlar reinforced PTFE jacket with PVC sleeving. OD: Jacketing 3.8 mm -20°C to 65°C Temperature Bending Minimum bend radius: Short term (few seconds) 20 mm, long term: 120 mm



Ordering Information

FCR-7UVIR200-2-1.5x100

• Reflection probe, 1.5 mm tip, UV/VIS, 7 x 200 µm broadband fibers, 100 mm long, 2 m length, SMA

FCR-7UVIR200-2-2.5x100

• Reflection probe, 2.5 mm tip, UV/VIS, 7 x 200 µm broadband fibers, 100 mm long, 2 m length, SMA

For diffuse or specular reflection measurements, take a look at the RPH-1 reflection probe holder



Reflection Probes for Powders and Thick Fluids



For effective measurement of reflection in powders and thick fluids, Avantes offers this specially designed series of reflection probes. The probes allow the user to simply dip the probe into the powder or thick fluids to do the measurements.

The illumination leg of the probe is connected to a light source and car-

ries light to the sample via a bundle of six fibers. At the probe tip, a 45 degree sapphire window illuminates the sample and collects the indirect reflections which are carried by a single fiber to the spectrometer. The 45 degree angle of the probe prevents the measurements of direct back reflection from the window, thus improving the dynamic range of your measurement.

Technical Data

Fibers 7 fibers 200 µm core, 6 light-fibers, 1 read fiber, N.A.= 0.22. Standard 2 meter length

Wavelength range 200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR)

Connectors SMA-905 connectors (2x)

> Stainless steel 316 cylinder, 140 mm long x 6.0 mm diameter. The probe end contains a 5 Probe end mm diam. x 1 mm thick fused silica window. Waterproof. Optionally -PK for PEEK or -HY

for Hastelloy® C276 (on request).

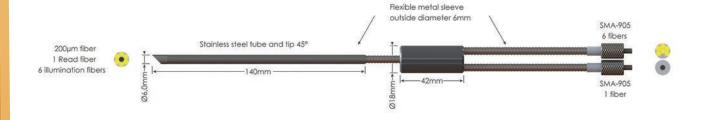
The optical fibers are protected by a silicon inner tube and a flexible stainless steel (BX, Jacketing O.D. 6.0 mm) or chrome plated brass (ME, O.D. 5.0 mm) outer jacket. The jacketing also

gives stress relieve.

-30°C to 100°C. (-HT version 200°C) Temperature

Pressure Probe head 10 bar @ 25°C

Minimum bend radius: Short term (few seconds) 20 mm, long term: 120 mm Bending



Ordering Information

FCR-7UVIR200-2-45-BX/ME* • Reflection probe for powders and turbid fluids

Options

-HT • High Temperature version (up to 200°C)

Did you know Avantes is specialized in custom made fiber-optic cables?



^{*} please specify jacket material

1/2" Industrial Reflection Probes for Powders and Thick Fluids

For industrial applications that need reflection measured in thick liquids or powders, this probe is the ideal choice. The stainless steel cylinder and probe end make it withstand extreme situations. The tip is exchangeable and waterproof. Optionally PEEK or Hastelloy® C276 can be used as tip material.

The light enters from the light source through six bundled fibers to the probe end, where it lights the material to be analyzed through a silica window angled at 45 degrees. This angle prevents any light to be reflected from the window. The light is selectively reflected through the seventh fiber in de probe. This fiber leads to the connected spectrometer.



Technical Data

	recimical bata
Fibers	7 fibers 200 µm core, 6 light-fibers, 1 read fiber, N.A.= 0.22, standard 2 meter length
Wavelength Range	200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR)
Connectors	SMA-905 connectors (2x)
Probe End	Stainless steel cylinder, 120 mm long x 12.7 mm (1/2") diameter. The probe end contains a ca. 10 mm diam. x 1 mm thick sapphire window. The probe tip is exchangeable and waterproof. Optionally –PK for PEEK or –HY for Hastelloy® C276
Jacketing	The optical fibers are protected by a silicon inner tube and a flexible stainless steel (BX, O.D. 6.0 mm) or chrome plated brass (ME, 5.0 mm) outer jacket. The jacketing also gives stress relieve.
Temperature	-40 °C to 100 °C. (-HT version 200°C)
Pressure	Probe head 10 bar @ 25°C

Bending Minimum bend radius: Short term (few seconds) 20 mm, long term: 120 mm

Ordering Information

FCR-7UVIR200-2-45-IND • 1/2" Reflection probe for powders and turbid fluids

FCR-TIP45 • 1/2" Replacement tip with sapphire window for UV/VIS/NIR



1/2" Industrial Fluorescence Probes



For effective measurement of fluorescence, Avantes offers this specially designed reflection probe. It features 12 excitation fibers of 200 μ m around a 600 μ m read fiber, which transports the fluorescence signal back to the spectrometer.

To turn the 45° reflection probe into a fluorescence probe, a special reflector accessory, FCR-FLTIP-IND, is attached to the probe end. It prevents ambient light to enter the probe and backscatters the excitation light. This increases the typically low fluorescence signal. The fluid channel path can be varied between 0 and 5 mm.

Technical Data

Fibers Illumination | 12 fibers of 200 μm, UV/VIS

Fibers Detection 1 fiber 600 μm

Wavelength Range | 200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR)

Connector 2 x SMA-905

Probe End Stainless steel 316 cylinder, 128 mm long x 12,7 mm (1/2") diameter. The probe end

contains a ca. 10 mm diameter x 1 mm thick sapphire window with anti-reflection coating. The probe tip is exchangeable and waterproof. Optionally –PK for PEEK or –HY for

Hastelloy® C276

Fluorescence Accessory | See drawing below

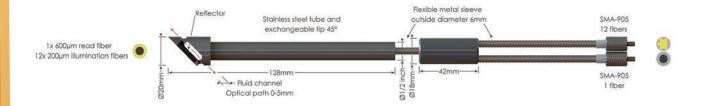
Jacketina The optical fibers are protected

The optical fibers are protected by a silicon inner tube and a flexible stainless steel (BX, O.D. 6.0 mm) or chrome plated brass (ME, 5.0 mm) outer jacket. The jacketing also gives stress relieve. Optionally a waterproof, steel reinforced, silicon jacket can be provided

Temperature -30°C to 100°C. (-HT version 200°C)

Pressure Probe head 10 bar @ 25°C

Bending Minimum bend radius: Short term (few seconds) 60 mm, long term: 360 mm



Ordering Information

FCR-UVIR200/600-2-IND

- ullet 1/2" Reflection Probe for fluorescence applications
- FCR-FLTIP-IND Fluorescence Reflector Accessory for ½" FCR-UVIR200/600-2-IND probes

Options

-HT • High Temperature version (up to 200°C)

All our bradband fibers are Solar Resistant fibers



Mini Transmission Dip Probes



For absorption measurements in miniaturized centrifuge tubes or vessels, Avantes offers the mini transmission dip probe. It features a miniaturized tip which is 130 mm long and 3.2 mm in diameter.

The mini transmission dip probe has a fixed 5 or 10 mm optical path length. It is available in a UV/VIS/NIR (200-2500 nm) version. The probe features Avantes ME, chrome plated brass, jacketing.

Optionally the probe can be configured with a longer stainless steel or Hastelloy® tip, and/or other jacketing options. The probe has two SMA connectors (FC/PC also available) for convenient coupling to the Avantes line of spectrometers and light sources.

Please contact us for special requirements.

Technical Data

Fibers 1 illumination and 1 detection fiber, both 200 µm, standard 2 meters length 200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR) **Wavelength Range** Connectors 2 x SMA-905 Stainless steel 316 cylinder, 130 mm long x 3.2 mm (1/8") diameter. The probe end **Probe End** contains 5 mm physical, 10 mm optical path, or a 2.5 mm physical gap (5 mm optical path). Optionally -HY for Hastelloy® C276 The optical fibers are protected by a silicon inner tube and a flexible stainless steel Jacketing (optional BX, O.D. 6.0 mm) or chrome plated brass (standard ME, 5.0 mm) outer jacket. The jacketing also gives stress relieve. -40 °C to 100 °C. (-HT version 200°C) Temperature Pressure Probe head 10 bar @ 25°C

Minimum bend radius: Short term (few seconds) 20 mm, long term: 120 mm



Ordering Information

- FDP-2UVIR200-2-2.5-mini 1/8" Mini Dip Probe, 2.5 mm path length (optical 5 mm), 2 m length
 - FDP-2UVIR200-2-5-mini 1/8" Mini Dip Probe, 5 mm path length (optical 10 mm), 2 m length

Options

• Stainless steel jacket

• High Temperature version (up to 200°C)



Transmission Dip Probes

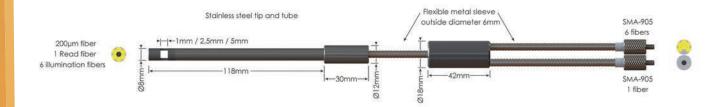
For online and inline absorbance measurements in fluids, transmission dip probes are used. When dipping or permanently mounting the probe end into the fluid, absorbance can be measured.

A standard SMA-905 connector is used to couple light into a fiber bundle, typically consisting out of six fibers (other configurations available upon request). The light is transmitted to the probe end, where it crosses the predetermined gap and is then reflected against a diffuse white reflective material back onto the receiving read fiber, which is coupled, to a spectrometer on the second leg of the probe.

The read fiber is placed in the center of the illumination fiber bundle to provide the best collection efficiency for the probe. Both bundles are housed in flexible stainless steel jacketing and the probe tip is also made of stainless steel. At the mid-point of the assembly a ferrule is used to split the fibers into their respective legs (illumination and read) which are terminated in SMA-905 connectors.

Technical Data

Fibers 6 illumination fibers, 1 detection fiber, all 200 µm, standard 2 meters 200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR) Wavelength range Connectors SMA-905 connectors (2x) Replacement tips are available with 1, 2.5 and 5 mm spacing, i.e. an optical path of 2,5 Tips and 10 mm and contain a 5 mm diam. x 1 mm thick fused silica window Probe end Stainless steel 316 cylinder, 100 mm long x 8,0 mm diameter. Waterproof. The optical fibers are protected by a silicon inner tube and a flexible stainless steel (optio-Jacketing nal BX, O.D. 6.0 mm) or chrome plated brass (standard ME, 5.0 mm) outer jacket. The jacketing also gives stress relieve. -30°C to 100°C. (-HT version 200°C) Temperature Probe head 10 bar @ 25°C **Pressure** Bendina Minimum bend radius: Short term (few seconds) 20 mm, long term: 120 mm



Ordering Information

FDP-7UVIR200-2-yy

• Transmission Dip Probe, yy (1, 2.5, 5 mm) gap, 2 m length, SMA term.

FDP-TIP-yy

 Replacement tips, 1 mm, 2.5 mm, 5 mm gap for probe (fill in gap length for yy, note optical path =2*yy)

Options

DA

• Stainless steel jacket

-HT • High Temperature version (up to 200°C)



Transmission Dip Probes with Variable Path Length



For more flexibility during absorbance measurements in fluids, this fiber-optic probe features a variable and adjustable path length. The gap between the fiber and the diffuser can be set anywhere between 0.25 and 10 mm.

A standard SMA-905 connector is used to couple light into a fiber bundle, typically consisting out of six fibers (other configurations available upon request). The light is transmitted to the probe end, where it crosses the predetermined gap and is then reflected against a diffuse white reflective material back onto the receiving read fiber which is coupled to a spectrometer on the second leg of the probe.

The read fiber is placed in the center of the illumination fiber bundle to provide the best collection efficiency for the probe. Both bundles are housed in flexible stainless steel jacketing and the probe tip is also made of stainless steel. At the mid-point of the assembly a ferrule is used to split the fibers into their respective legs (illumination or read) which are terminated in SMA-905 connectors.

Technical Data

Fibers 6 illumination fibers, 1 detection fiber, all 200 μm , standard 2 meters Wavelength range 200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR) Connectors SMA-905 connectors (2x) Optical Path 0.25 - 10 mm physical gap, i.e. an optical path of 0.5-20 mm Probe end Stainless steel 316, 150-160 mm long x 12,7 mm (½") diameter. Waterproof. The optical fibers are protected by a silicon inner tube and a flexible stainless steel Jacketing (optional BX, O.D. 6.0 mm) or chrome plated brass (standard ME, 5.0 mm) outer jacket. Optionally a waterproof, steel reinforced, silicon tubing can be provided (-MS) -30°C to 100°C. (-HT version 200°C) Temperature Probe head 10 bar @ 25°C **Pressure** Bending Minimum bend radius: Short term (few seconds) 20 mm, long term: 120 mm



Ordering Information

- FDP-7UVIR200-2-VAR Transmission Dip Probe in stainless steel with variable tip length, 2 m length, SMA term.
 - FDP-TIP-VAR Replacement Stainless Steel tip for Transmission dip probe with variable tip length

Options

• Stainless steel jacket

• High Temperature version (up to 200°C)



Special Fiber Assemblies and Probes

For some applications a very specific fiber or probe is needed. Avantes has almost 20 years of experience in designing the custom probes for unique applications. Avantes has significant expertise in designing fiberoptics for high temperature (HTX), high pressure (HP), vacuum and other difficult conditions. Avantes wide variety of standard and custom materials can be configured to provide a fiber assembly which can meet the challenges of your environment.

Below are some examples of our special designs. Please contact us to discuss your needs.

High temperature UV/VIS/NIR probe with gas connection

The universities of Bochum (Germany) and Utrecht (The Netherlands) approached us with a problem doing high temperature measurements at low pressure of dehydrogenation of propane: an ideal situation for the creation of cokes. Therefore every time the probe was contaminated with coke residue on the tip, meaning they could only do a single test after which they had to replace the probe.

Avantes responded by designing this high temperature probe. It's resistant to temperatures of 700 degrees centigrade or more and features a connection for gas insertion into the probe. So far, during one test the probe was used over 150 hours continuously, with temperatures of 550-600 degrees. The

gas used was nitrogen. The result was a clean tip, re-usable probe and very happy customers.

Chemical resistant reflection probe

In chemical environments, standard reflection probes have a huge disadvantage: many chemicals interfere with the glue used to construct the probes. This version eliminates this disadvantage: all connections are mechanical, sapphire windows and orings are used. The material used is stainless steel 310, which is chemical resistant as well.







Collimating lens

COL-UV/VIS



COL-90-UV/VIS



Collimating lenses

To convert divergent beams of light into a parallel beam, a collimating lens is needed. Avantes collimating lenses are optimized for the UV/VIS/NIR range (200-2500 nm) and have anodized aluminum housings.

The COL-UV/VIS and COL-90-UV/VIS have a 6 mm diameter lens with a confocal length of 8.7 mm. The COL-90-UV/VIS is used when a 90-degree exit

angle is needed. The focal point for the COL-UV/VIS and COL-90-UV/VIS can be adjusted. The COL-UV/VIS can also be ordered with an FC/PC connector.

The COL-UV/VIS-25 is the big brother of the COL-UV/VIS. It has a lens diameter of 25 mm and a confocal length of 50 mm. This larger collimating lens is suitable for collection of light in free space.

Technical Data

	COL-UV/VIS	COL-90-UV/VIS	COL-UV/VIS-25
Lens Diameter	6 mm		25 mm
Lens confocal length	8.7	mm	50 mm
Lens Material		UV grade Fused Silica	
Wavelength range		200-2500 nm	
Fiber connection	SMA-905, UNS 1/4" (standard, FC/PC also possible)		
Mirror reflectivity	n.a.	>90% (200-1100 nm)	n.a.
Housing Material		Aluminum black anodized	
Thread	UNF 3/8"-24	n.	a.
Temperature range	-3	0°C to 100°C (-HT version 200°	PC)

Ordering Information

COL-UV/VIS
COL-UV/VIS-FCPC
COL-90-UV/VIS
COL-UV/VIS-25

- Collimating lens for UV/VIS/NIR, incl. SMA adapter and adj. focus
- \bullet Collimating lens for UV/VIS/NIR, incl. FC/PC adapter, adj. focus
- Collimating lens under 90 degrees for UV/VIS/NIR, incl. SMA adapter
- Collimating lens 25 mm for UV/VIS/NIR, incl. SMA adapter and adj. focus

A collimating lens can be used to collect more light into a fiber cable



Cosine correctors

To collect light from a 180° angle, cosine correctors are used. This eliminates optical interface problems associated with the light collection sampling geometry inherent

to other sampling devices such as bare fiber-optics, collimating lenses or integrating spheres.

Avantes offers four different models of cosine correctors: The CC-UV/VIS and CC-VIS/NIR have a 3.9 mm active area, and dimensions of 18 mm (L) X 6.5 mm (OD). The CC-UV/VIS is made of Teflon which especially suited for measurements in the 200-800 nm range,

whereas the CC-VIS/NIR covers the full UV/VIS/NIR range of 200-2500 nm and is made of Radin Quartz.

The CC-UV/VIS/NIR-8MM works as the CC-VIS/NIR, but has an active area of 8.0 mm and dimensions of 29 mm (L) X 12 mm (OD). The specialized CC-UV/VIS/NIR-5.0 has a 20 mm active area is used for

solar measurement applications requiring

a 5° angular field of view has a 20 mm active area and is much larger than the other cosine correctors measuring 317 mm (L) X 38 mm (OD).

CC-VIS/NIR

Technical data

	CC-UV/VIS	CC-VIS/NIR	CC-UV/VIS/NIR- 8MM	CC-UV/VIS/ NIR-5.0
Active area	3.9 mm	3.9 mm	8.0 mm	20.0 mm
Diffusing material	Teflon (200-800 nm), ca. 1 mm thick	Radin Quart	zz (200-2500 nm), ca. 1	.5 mm thick
Dimensions	6.5 mm diameter 18 mm lona		12 mm diameter, 29 mm long	38 mm diameter, 317 mm long
Sampling geometry	Accepts light at/from 180° FOV Accepts light FOV			Accepts light at 5° FOV
Connector	SMA-905			
Temperature	-30 °C to +100 °C			

Ordering Information

CC-UV/VIS	Cosine Corrector for UV/VIS, incl. SMA adapter
CC-VIS/NIR	Cosine Corrector for UV/VIS/NIR, incl. SMA adapter
CC-UV/VIS/NIR-8MM	Cosine Corrector for UV/VIS/NIR, 8 mm area, incl. SMA adapter
CC-UV/VIS/NIR-5.0	• Cosine Corrector for UV/VIS/NIR, 5.0° FOV, incl. SMA adapter

A cosine corrector collects light from an angle of 180°, ideal in situations with scattered light



Vacuum Feedthrough

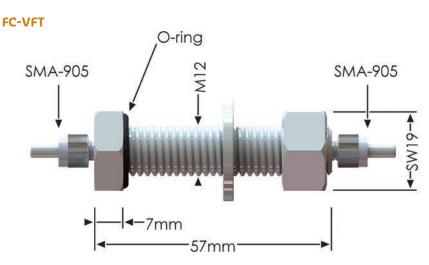


These feedthroughs are designed for the use with fiber-optics in vacuum chambers, such as for plasma and coating deposition monitoring. They can be used in chambers with wall thicknesses of 5-40 mm and vacuum levels up to 10^{-7} millibar.

The feedthrough assembly consists of an M12 housing with Viton® O-ring and two SMA fiber-optic interconnects to allow easy coupling to fiber-optic cables and probes. In order to connect these assemblies to fiber-optic cables

inside/outside the chamber, two extra SMA fiber interconnects (ME-FI-SM-MM) should be ordered separately.

The vacuum feedthrough can be delivered for all fiber diameters, from 50µm up to 1000 µm for UV/VIS/NIR. A high temperature version of the vacuum feedthrough(-HT) is also available enabling the device to withstand temperatures up to 200°C.



Technical Data

1 fiber, diameter 50 μm, 100 μm, 200 μm, 400 μm, 600 μm, 800 μm or 1000 μm **Fibers** 200-800 nm (UV/VIS), 350-2500 (VIS/NIR) or 200-2500 nm (UV/VIS/NIR) Wavelength range

Standard SMA-905 connectors (2x) Connectors Wall thickness of vacuum chamber 5-40 mm

Vacuum Max. 10⁻⁷ mbar

FC-VFT-xx800

Temperature -40°C to 100°C (-HT version 200°C)

Ordering Information

FC-VFT-xx50 ullet Vacuum feedthrough for 50 μm fibers, incl. SMA adapter, needs 2 extra SMA interconnects

FC-VFT-UVIR100 • As FC-VFT-xx50, for 100 µm broadband fibers

FC-VFT-UVIR200 \bullet As FC-VFT-xx50, for 200 μm broadband fibers

FC-VFT-UVIR400 • As FC-VFT-xx50, for 400 µm broadband fibers

FC-VFT-UVIR600 • As FC-VFT-xx50, for 600 µm broadband fibers

• As FC-VFT-xx50, for 800 µm fibers FC-VFT-xx1000 • As FC-VFT-xx50, for 1000 µm fibers

ME-FI-SM-MM • SMA fiber interconnect, 2 pieces needed for each vacuum feedthrough

Specify xx = UV for UV/VIS fiber cables, IR for VIS/NIR

Options

-HT • High Temperature version (up to 200°C)



Fiber-optic Homogenizer

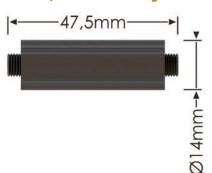
When connecting a multi-furcated fiber to a spectrometer or light source, light entering/exiting each of the fiber legs may or may not be uniform, so a fiberoptic homogenizer can be used to mix the signals to provide more uniform signal.

The compact MMA-UV/VIS-SMA fiberoptic homogenizer is made of anodized aluminum and has female SMA-905 connectors on both ends. Internally, a

highly transmissive Suprasil-Rod with a diameter of 1 or 3 mm transmits the light from one end to the other (from bundle to single fiber) and perfectly mixes the modes.

The fiber-optic homogenizer can also be used as a mode stripper.

MMA-UV/VIS-SMA Homogenizer



Technical data

200-2000 nm **Wavelength Range** 3 mm or 1 mm **Optical Rod Diameter Stabdurchmesser** Lens Material Suprasil 1 **Housing Material 1** Aluminum anodized **Fiber Connection** SMA-905. UNS 1/4" Dimensions Length 47.5 mm, Diameter 14 mm **Temperature** -30 °C to +100 °C

Ordering Information

- **MMA1-UV/VIS-SMA** Homogenizer / Modestripper 1 mm UV/VIS diameter for SMA Connectors
- MMA3-UV/VIS-SMA Homogenizer / Modestripper 3 mm UV/VIS diameter for SMA Connectors

Fiber Microscope Adapters

To easily mount an Avantes fiberoptic spectrometer to a microscope, a C-mount adapter is available. It connects to an SMA or FC/PC fiber-optic cable and features an outside diameter of 38 mm, 35 mm long to slide inside the tube of a microscope.

A special adapter with C-mount 1 inch-32 thread is available as AVS-MFA-SMA to screw onto a microscope.



Technical Data

	AVS-MFA-SMA	AVS-CMOUNT-SMA	AVS-CMOUNT-FCPC
Fiber-optic connection	SMA	SMA	FC/PC
Microscope mount	1 inch-32 Cmount thread	38 mm diameter	38 mm diameter
Material		Black anodized aluminum	

Ordering Information

AVS-MFA-SMA • C-mount adapter for Olympus, SMA connector **AVS-CMOUNT-SMA** • C-mount adapter, SMA connector **AVS-CMOUNT-FCPC** • C-mount adapter, FC/PC connector





Reflection Probe Holders

RPH-1 Reflection Probe Holder

The RPH-1 is to be used with our standard reflection probes, which are 6.5 mm in diameter. The holder enables positioning of the probe tip in two angles: 45 degrees for diffuse reflection measurements and 90 degrees (normal to sample) for specular reflection. This assembly is mostly used to facilitate

color measurements.

A setscrew is included to mount the probe into position. The RPH-1 is a small device, measuring only 60 by 30 by 30 millimeters. It's made of black anodized aluminum.



AFH-15 Angled Fiber Holder

To do an angled measurement with a small 1.5 mm reflection probe or 1.5 mm stainless steel ferrule terminated fibers, the AFH-15 is the ideal accessory. Offering angles including 15°, 30°, 45°, 60°, 75° and 90°, reflection measurements with differing incident and collection angle can be easily

made with multiple, separate fibers for illumination and detection.

All 11 holes have a diameter of 1.6 mm and are equipped with a setscrew to mount the probes or fibers into position. The AFH-15 is made of black anodized aluminum.



AFH-Ocular

Measurements on a small spot (less than 0.5 mm) can be challenging but the AFH-Ocular makes the job easier. The ocular enables visual location of the measurement spot on your sample. The holder is used in conjuction with our miniaturized reflection probe (FCR-7UV100-2-1x25) which has 7 x 100 μ m fibers in a 6 around

1 configuration and the tip is 1 mm in diameter x 25 mm long.

Please note that a black cover over the ocular (not included) should be used during measuring to prevent ambient light from reaching the measurement spot.

Ordering Information

RPH-1

• Reflection probe holder for 45/90 degree mounting of 6.5 mm reflection probes

AFH-15

• Angled fiber probe holder for measuring under different angles, needs 1.5 mm ferrule terminated fibers.

FC-UVIR200-2-1.5x40

• Fiber cable, 200 μm UVIR fiber, 2 m long, one end with SMA connector, other end with stainless steel ferrule, OD=1.5 mm x 40 mm length.

AFH-Ocular

• Angled fiber probe holder for precise measurements under 45 degrees incl. Ocular

FCR-7UVIR100-2-1x25

Reflection probe with 7x100 µm UVIR fibers to 1x25 mm stainless steel ferrule,
 2 meter long with PVC/Kevlar protection sleeve and 2 SMA connectors

Three years
limited warranty on all
Avantes spectrometers,
light sources and accessories



Transmission and Reflection Stage

For easy and accurate reflection and transmission measurements of glass and thinfilm, the Avantes Stage is the ideal companion. With a height of 420 mm and three individually adjustable devices, almost any measurement can be accomplished. The three devices are a rotatable entrance disc, with openings for an SMA fiber (with collimating lens) and different sizes reflection

probes. The second and third devices are sample holders, that are used for the transmission or reflection measurement. For scattering transmission measurements, an AvaSphere integrating sphere of 30 or 50 mm can be installed.



Ordering information

Transmission-stage • Transmission and reflection stage, 420 mm high





Fiber Interconnects

To connect one fiber to another, a fiber interconnect is needed. They can be useful for coupling patch cords to fiberoptic probes and other devices, or for any multiple-fiber application where coupling of standard optical fibers and accessories is preferable to creating costly and complex fiber-optic assemblies.

Bulkheads

Avantes bulkhead adaptors for TO-5 and TO-18 packages are ideal for coupling an LED to a fiber-optic cable: the back side has space for an LED.

ME-FI-SM-MM SMA interconnect



ME-FI-FC/PC-MM FC/PC interconnect



ME-SM-BC SMA Bulkhead



ME-FCPC-BC FC/PC Bulkhead



Ordering Information

ME-FI-SM-MM	• SMA Fiber interconnect, panel mountable
ME-FI-FCPC-MM	• FC/PC Fiber interconnect, panel mountable
ME-SM-BC	• SMA bulkhead adapter to TO-18
ME-SM-BC-S	• SMA bulkhead adapter to TO-5
ME-FCPC-BC	• FC/PC Bulkhead adapter

